## **Public Document Pack**

# Supplementary **Agenda**



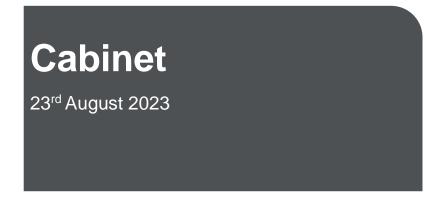
Meeting name	Meeting of the Cabinet
Date	Wednesday, 23 August 2023
Start time	4.30 pm
Venue	Parkside, Station Approach, Burton Street,
	Melton Mowbray, Leicestershire. LE13 1GH
Other information	This meeting is open to the public

Meeting enquiries	Democratic Services
Direct Dial	01664 502579
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No.	Item	Page No.
6.	LOCAL AUTHORITY HOUSING FUND A report on the Department for Levelling Up Housing and Communities (DLUHC) grants to some local authorities to increase the supply of affordable housing through the Local Authority Housing Fund (LAHF).	1 - 24







## **Local Authority Housing Fund**

Report Author:	<b>Tahir Majid,</b> Housing Development Manager 01664 504407 tmajid@melton.gov.uk
Chief Officer Responsible:	Michelle Howard, Director for Housing and Communities (Deputy Chief Executive) 01664 504322 mhoward@melton.gov.uk
Lead Member/Relevant Portfolio Holder	Councillor Pip Allnatt - Leader of the Council and Portfolio Holder for Housing and Landlord Services
Corporate Priority:	Providing high quality council homes and landlord services
Relevant Ward Member(s):	All
Date of consultation with Ward Member(s):	Not Applicable
Exempt Information:	No
Key Decision:	Yes
Subject to call-in:	Yes

## 1 Summary

- 1.1 The Department for Levelling Up Housing and Communities (DLUHC) is providing grants to some local authorities to increase the supply of affordable housing through the Local Authority Housing Fund (LAHF).
- 1.2 On 7<sup>th</sup> June 2023 the DLUHC notified local authorities about the launch of LAHF Round 2 (LAHF R2). This will provide £250 million of extra funding to support local authorities in England to increase their stock of affordable housing. The majority of the funding will be

- used to house those on Afghan resettlement schemes currently in bridging accommodation and the rest to ease wider homelessness issues.
- 1.3 The Government is keen for Councils to assist where possible in providing settled accommodation for Afghan households, particularly for those households who have worked alongside the UK Government and risked their lives alongside our armed forces, or have assisted UK efforts in Afghanistan.
- 1.4 Melton Borough Council is one of the local authorities to have been made an indicative allocation in LAHF R2 with an allocation of £360,000 for three properties. In accepting the grant funding, the requirement is to provide two homes for Afghan refugees and one home to alleviate temporary accommodation pressures. The grant represents a 40% 'match funding' offer and requires the Council to provide the remaining 60% funding.
- 1.5 Local authorities were asked to complete a non-binding validation form to confirm their interest in participating in the LAHF R2. This was completed ahead of the deadline of 5<sup>th</sup> July 2023.
- 1.6 The DLUHC confirmed on 10<sup>th</sup> July 2023 that a grant of £360,000 would be available to Melton Borough Council. Payment would only be made on receipt of a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) which has to be signed by the Council.
- 1.7 As with other affordable housing provision, the DLUHC expects local authorities to part fund some of the required capital costs.
- 1.8 The Government funding equates to 40% of total capital costs per property. The maximum LAHF R2 grant for Melton is £100,000 per property plus £20,000 per property for other costs including legal fees and refurbishment.
- 1.9 The grant funding is to be paid in 2023-24 and the DLUHC expects all homes to be delivered by 29<sup>th</sup> March 2024.
- 1.10 This report proposes a programme to purchase three homes up to a total value of £750,000 using LAHF R2 grant funding of £360,000 and match funding of £390,000 from Section 106 commuted sums together with funding from the Flexible Housing Fund.
- 1.11 All of the properties purchased through this scheme would be retained by the Council and form part of the Councils housing stock. The LAHF R2 programme is intended to deliver accommodation which will be available to the Council in the long term and can be used to meet housing need beyond the initial period where they are required to accommodate refugees.

## 2 Recommendation(s)

#### **That Cabinet:**

- 2.1 Agrees to the Council receiving LAHF R2 grant to purchase up to three homes.
- 2.2 Delegates authority to the Director for Corporate Services to sign the Memorandum of Understanding with the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities.
- 2.3 Approves the capital investment of up to £390,000 of Section 106 commuted sums and Flexible Housing Fund awards to match fund the total available LAHF R2 grant funding of £360,000 in order to acquire up to three dwellings.

- 2.4 Delegates authority to the Director of Housing and Communities in consultation with the Director for Corporate Services and Portfolio Holder for Housing and Landlord Services, to purchase up to three houses in accordance with the grant agreement and within the total budget, and to add these to the Council's housing stock.
- 2.5 Delegates authority to the Director of Housing and Communities to develop and implement a Local Lettings Policy to enable the direct allocation of two homes funded through this arrangement to Afghan households who are being assisted through the ARAP and ACRS schemes.

#### 3 Reason for Recommendations

- 3.1 Delivering three new homes with the aid of grant funding will help to meet the corporate priority of providing high quality council homes and landlord services.
- 3.2 The LAHF R2 programme is intended to deliver accommodation which will be available to the Council in the long term and can be used to meet housing need beyond the initial period where they are required to accommodate refugees.

#### 4 Background

- 4.1 The Local Authority Housing Fund is a capital fund that supports local authorities in England to obtain housing for those who have arrived in the UK via Ukrainian and Afghan resettlement schemes.
- 4.2 The £500 million first round of the LAHF was announced in December 2022. Melton was not eligible for this grant as the Government concentrated on local authorities that had the greatest pressure.
- 4.3 Local authorities were notified of the LAHF Round 2 in June 2023. This provides an additional £250 million in grant funding for housing Afghan refugees and the acquisition of additional temporary accommodation.
- 4.4 Homes to house Afghan refugees are for those eligible for the Afghan Citizen Resettlement Scheme (ACRS) and those assisted under the Afghan Relocations and Assistance Policy (ARAP).
- 4.5 People eligible for temporary accommodation are those owed a homelessness duty by the local authority.
- 4.6 The DLUHC informed the Council that it had provisionally been identified as eligible for capital grant funding with an indicative allocation of £360,000.
- 4.7 Following completion of a validation form, the DLUHC confirmed the grant allocation of £360,000 on 7<sup>th</sup> July 2023 subject to a Memorandum of Understanding being signed.
- 4.8 The LAHF R2 grant is to provide two homes for Afghan resettlement and one home for temporary accommodation. The Local Authority has flexibility to determine how it delivers this requirement.
- 4.9 The grant rate is a maximum of £100,000 per property (based on median property prices) plus £20,000 per property for other costs. The additional £20,000 per property is included to cover some of the further costs of obtaining a property. This can include funding things like refurbishments, legal costs, decoration, furnishings, or otherwise preparing the

- property for rent. The DLUHC have confirmed that local authorities may use this £20,000 towards the purchase of the property if preferred.
- 4.10 As with other affordable housing provision, the DLUHC expects local authorities to part finance some of the required capital. Government funding equates to 40% of total capital costs plus £20,000 per property. The remaining cost of the acquisition will have to be paid for by the Council.
- 4.11 The DLUHC will pay the grant funding in tranches. The first tranche consisting of 30% of the allocation is to be paid by the end of July 2023 or the end of August 2023, assuming the Memorandum of Understanding is signed and returned in those months.
- 4.12 The second tranche, consisting of 70% of the payment will then be made by the end of October or mid-December 2023.
- 4.13 The DLUHC expects all the homes to be delivered by 29<sup>th</sup> March 2024.
- 4.14 The Government outlined that the funding is to be used to:
  - a) Provide sustainable housing to those on Afghan resettlement schemes at risk of homelessness so that they can build new lives in the UK, find employment and integrate into communities.
  - b) Reduce local housing pressures beyond those on Afghan resettlement schemes by providing better quality temporary accommodation to those owed homelessness duties by local authorities.
  - c) Reduce emergency, temporary and bridging accommodation costs.
  - d) Reduce impact on the existing housing and homelessness systems and those waiting for social housing
- 4.15 The funding will reduce the impact of recent arrivals on existing housing pressures and in the longer term will provide a new and permanent supply of accommodation for local communities, increasing the number of homes in the wider social and affordable housing system.
- 4.16 The basic model of this government scheme assumes stock acquisition. This includes purchasing houses from the open market or constructing new homes.
- 4.17 If local authorities have their own affordable housing developments under construction, grant funds can be used to increase the number of units to be delivered. Local Authorities can also work in partnership with other registered providers to deliver the homes.
- 4.18 Councils are permitted to operate flexibly to deliver the requirements of the scheme by substituting properties in existing stock to make allocations to LAHF cohorts. This includes converting an existing general needs home into temporary accommodation and purchasing an additional general needs home to replace this.

#### 5 Main Considerations

#### 5.1 Memorandum of Understanding

In order to receive grant funding, the DLUHC requires local authorities to sign and return a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) by either 14<sup>th</sup> July 2023 or 14<sup>th</sup> August 2023. As the DLUHC only informed the Council that it's validation form had been approved on 10<sup>th</sup> July 2023, these are a very quick deadlines.

- The Council informed the DLUHC that we would not be able to sign the MoU by 14<sup>th</sup>
  August 2023 due to the timeframes involved in complying with the Council's Governance and decision-making requirements.
- 5.3.1 The DLUHC replied on 27<sup>th</sup> July 2023 and confirmed that they recognise that each authority will have different approval processes/timelines to follow. They asked for the Council to return the MoU as soon as it had ratified a decision to proceed with the acquisitions.
- 5.3.2 It is recommended that the Council agrees to sign the MoU so that the allocated grant funding can be obtained, and three houses can be acquired by the end of this financial year.
- 5.3.3 Although by signing the MoU, the Council agrees to make best endeavours to deliver the target of three homes by 29<sup>th</sup> March 2024, if the Council is unable to meet this target (and the DLUHC chooses not to extend the long-stop date), the Council will be required to return any unspent LAHF R2 grant but will not be subject to any penalties.

#### 5.4 Homes to be Acquired

- 5.4.1 The LAHF R2 aims to support local authorities to provide suitable housing for those on Afghan resettlement schemes, as well as better quality temporary accommodation for those owed a homelessness duty.
- 5.4.2 All the homes delivered in this scheme are to be affordable low-cost housing. This includes social rent, affordable rent, or a discounted private rent.
- 5.4.3 The DLUHC expects the majority of housing to be delivered in this scheme to be family sized accommodation.
- 5.4.4 There are a range of 3-bedroom houses on the market in Melton currently available at prices of up to £250,000 each. The Council will seek to purchase homes at best value, seeking to balance purchase price with refurbishment or improvement requirements.
- 5.4.5 If the Council was to acquire three houses at a maximum of £250,000 each, the total cost would be £750,000. The Council would need to match fund £390,000 after taking account of the LAHF R2 grant funding of £360,000. This indicative example is shown in more detail at 5.4.6 below.

5.4.6

No. of Houses	Type of House	Price	40% LAHF Grant	Additional Grant Funding	Council Contribution
1	Home for refugees	£250,000	£100,000	£20,000	£130,000
1	Home for refugees	£250,000	£100,000	£20,000	£130,000
1	New general needs home to replace an existing unit that will be used as temporary accommodation.	£250,000	£100,000	£20,000	£130,000
3		£750,000	£300,000	£60,000	£390,000

- 5.4.7 If the match funding were to come from HRA reserves, there would be a reduction in the annual headroom as set out in the business plan. This would result in an increased deficit by 2030-31 in the HRA according to the current business plan. This funding stream is not recommended as it would risk undermining the financial stability of the HRA.
- 5.4.8 The Council currently holds £361,962 of Section 106 commuted sums in the general fund. Commuted sums are the financial contribution a developer makes in lieu of providing affordable homes on their development site.
- 5.4.9 The way Section 106 commuted sums can be spent is detailed within the National Planning Policy Framework (as amended from time to time) and the Housing Mix and Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document which was adopted by the Council in 2019. This states that when financial contributions are received, these can be spent on the provision of affordable housing through a range of mechanisms. This includes through the Councils own programme for building affordable homes and the purchase of second hand units for use as affordable housing.
- 5.4.10 The S106 commuted sums can be used to acquire affordable housing but not temporary accommodation. It is proposed that an existing general needs house is converted into temporary accommodation and the S106 commuted sums are used to acquire a new house for general needs. DLUHC have confirmed that it is permitted to use the LAHF R2 grant to buy a new house for general stock as a replacement.
- 5.4.11 The Government is providing Councils with additional support to house Afghan refugees through the Flexible Housing Fund. This amounts to a one-off payment of £7,100 per person that can be used for capital spending on the provision of homes. Assuming a family of four Afghan refugees is housed in each of the two houses, this will mean the Council will receive a total of £56,800 from this scheme. The DLUHC has confirmed that these funds can be used as match funding for LAHF R2 properties for those on the Afghan resettlement schemes.
- 5.4.12 It is proposed that the Council uses a combination of S106 commuted sums and Flexible Housing Funds for the match funding of up to £390,000.
- 5.4.13 The LAHF R2 grant funding of £360,000 plus the match funding of up to £390,000 will provide a maximum of £750,000 to acquire two homes for Afghan refugees and one house for general needs to replace an existing general needs home that will be used as temporary accommodation.
- 5.4.14 It is proposed that the homes will consist of two- or three-bedroom houses. The council will seek to purchase homes for best value, ensuring that any refurbishment and improvement costs can also be contained within the available budget.
- 5.4.15 All house purchases will be independently valued to demonstrate best price and will be acquired according to grant agreement arrangements.
- 5.4.16 According to the conditions of the LAHF R2, funding will only be available for homes to house Afghan refugees and for temporary accommodation.
- 5.4.17 The initial allocation of the two homes for Afghan households must meet specific eligibility criteria in relation to the Afghan Relocations and Assistance Policy (ARAP) and the Afghan Citizens Resettlement Scheme (ACRS).
- 5.4.18 However, once the properties acquired to house Afghan refugees are no longer utilised by the cohort, the homes will be available for use by the Council as a long-term asset to meet local housing need as part of the Council's housing stock.

- 5.4.19 If the Council provides housing for Afghan families, the Government will provide additional funding for integration support. This amounts to £20,520 per person over three years.
- 5.4.20 The Council's Community Support Hub team will assist Afghan refugees to look for employment.
- 5.4.21 The funding will enable a general needs house to be purchased to replace one being used for temporary accommodation, thereby increasing the overall general stock within the Council's Housing Revenue Account.

#### 6 Options Considered

- 6.1 The Council agrees to accept the funding allocation and delivers the target number of homes.
- 6.2 The LAHF grant will help to address housing need in the borough by providing funding towards the purchase of an additional three homes to add to the Council's housing stock.
- Once the initial requirement of providing Afghan refugees a home has ended, subsequent lettings to the dwellings can be used to meet the Councils wider housing need, through normal allocation arrangements.
- 6.4 The Memorandum of Understanding is non-binding. If the Council is unable to deliver all three homes, any unused grant funding will be returned to the Government with no penalty to the Council.
- 6.5 The Council declines the funding allocation
- The Council could choose not to participate resulting in no homes being delivered through this scheme.
- This would impact the Council's ability to support the resettlement of Afghan refugees and the opportunity to gain additional homes (and match funding investment) as part of the Council's housing stock, whilst also strengthening temporary accommodation provision.
- 6.8 The Council made a pledge to help provide homes for Afghan refugees in August 2021 and there is a renewed focus and requirement upon all council's to support the resettlement process.

#### 7 Consultation

- 7.1 Consultation has taken place with officers in Housing Options, Planning, Finance and Legal teams.
- 7.2 Further dialogue has also taken place with DLUCH officials to ensure that the proposed approach meets the criteria of the LAHF R2 fund. Confirmation has been received that it does.

## 8 Next Steps – Implementation and Communication

8.1 If the recommendations of this report are agreed by Cabinet, steps will be taken to secure the LAHF R2 grant, acquire three houses according to the terms of the grant and to progress appropriate allocation and matching arrangements.

8.2 Officers will also ensure maximum funding to support households is secured and will work with partner agencies (including health and education partners) to ensure a planned and managed resettlement offer can be achieved.

#### 9 Financial Implications

- 9.1 The use of Right to Buy receipts or Homes England grants for match funding the LAHF R2 grant is not allowed by the DLUHC.
- 9.2 The Council will have sufficient resources to pay for the acquisition of three houses using existing S106 commuted sums together with funding available through the Flexible Housing Fund specifically designed to support Afghan households to leave bridging hotels, in addition to the LAHF R2 grant.
- 9.3 This will enable the council to utilise S106 commuted sums within the spending deadlines. The current scheme will deplete the existing balance; however, Section 106 monies will be further accrued with new developments in the Borough.
- 9.4 No borrowing will be required to fund the purchases.
- 9.5 Any LAHF R2 grant sum awarded but not used will be returned to the DLUHC.
- 9.6 Where housing is used for Afghan refugees, the Government will provide a revenue grant for integration. This will be £20,520 per person to be paid in stages over three years. This means if a family of four were to occupy each of the two houses, a total of £164,160 would be received by the end of three years. The necessary support would be provided through teams within the housing and communities directorate.
- 9.7 The provision of temporary accommodation is a general fund cost and any revenue costs associated with providing temporary accommodation are charged accordingly to the general fund.

#### Financial Implications reviewed by: Director for Corporate services

## 10 Legal and Governance Implications

- 10.1 Under Section 9 of the Housing Act 1985, the Council may provide housing accommodation by acquiring houses and under Section 17 of that Act, the Council may acquire houses or buildings which may be made suitable as houses, for the purposes of providing housing accommodation.
- 10.2 In accordance with Financial Procedure Rules, where items of capital expenditure can be fully funded from external funding sources, Cabinet approval is required.
- The commuted sums must be spent according to the conditions of the relevant Section 106 agreements. Each of the agreements has been checked and use for this purpose is permitted.
- The Council is required to enter into a MoU with the DLUHC in order to secure grant funding from the LAHF and will need to comply with associated terms of that agreement including providing bi-monthly returns to the DLUHC and completion of the project by 29<sup>th</sup> March 2024.
- 10.5 The MoU makes provisions for a change of request in relation to the target number of units. The Council may ask for either a higher or lower target. Any proposed change will impact the amount of funding received.

10.6 Each identified property for purchase will be subject to a due diligence process in terms of relevant searches, ownership and title matters prior to acquisition.

Legal Implications reviewed by: Senior Solicitor

#### 11 Equality and Safeguarding Implications

- 11.1 Enabling housing and support through the LAHF contributes directly to the Government humanitarian response for those who have fled Afghanistan. Whilst the initial eligible cohort to occupy the houses for refugees will be Afghan refugees, the properties will remain available for future use to residents of the borough and can help to ease the Council's housing pressures.
- 11.2 The Council must ensure that all LAHF funded activity is delivered in accordance with its obligations under the public sector equality duty (PSED). This requirement is also set out within the draft Memorandum of Understanding.

### 12 Data Protection Implications (Mandatory)

12.1 A Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIA) has not been completed as there are no Data Protection implications arising from this report.

#### 13 Community Safety Implications

13.1 None arising directly from this report. However, due care will be given to ensuring safe and appropriate allocation and matching arrangements, and in supporting community cohesion.

## 14 Environmental and Climate Change Implications

14.1 This consideration will form part of the decisions taken to acquire homes through the scheme. Officers will seek to ensure that homes are as energy efficient as possible and meet the standards set out in the Council's Housing Asset Management Plan. Purchasing older properties may require energy efficiency measures to form part of refurbishment arrangements, which would need to be considered on a case-by-case basis to ensure they remain consistent with grant conditions and within the available budget.

## 15 Risk & Mitigation

Risk No	Risk Description	Likelihood	Impact	Risk
1	Failure to meet DLUHC grant condition deadlines.	Low	Critical	3
2	Failure to complete market purchases.	Low	Critical	3

3	Perceived failure to meet local housing need.	Low	Critical	3	
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		Impact / Consequences			
		Negligible	Marginal	Critical	Catastrophic
	Score/ definition	1	2	3	4
Likelihood	6 Very High				
	5 High				
	4 Significant				
	3 Low			1, 2, 3	
	2 Very Low				
	1 Almost impossible				

Risk No	Mitigation
1	Open early discussion with DLUHC and agree on mitigations.
2	Early progression of purchase opportunities.
3	A clear and transparent decision to participate in the scheme and to maximise use of the grant funding available to secure properties for Afghan households and to strengthen temporary accommodation provision to support wider homelessness pressures. To retain the properties as general needs homes within the HRA when no longer needed for Afghan resettlement support.

## 16 Background Papers

- 16.1 LAHF Round 1
- 16.2 LAHF Round 2
- 16.3 Portfolio Holder Decision Afghan LES Resettlement Scheme.pdf (melton.gov.uk)
- 16.4 Housing Mix and Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document

## 17 Appendices

17.1 Appendix 1 – LAHF Memorandum of Understanding

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#### MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

#### Between

#### Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities

#### -and-

#### **Melton Borough Council**

#### 1. Purpose

- 1.1. This Memorandum of Understanding ('MOU') sets out the agreed working relationship between the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities ('DLUHC') and Melton Borough Council ('the Council') regarding the administration and delivery of the Local Authority Housing Fund second funding round ('LAHF R2').
- 1.2. This MOU will be for the period Q1-Q4 2023/24. It will be reviewed and updated only where either of the signatories deem it necessary, in which case it will require joint agreement. Further detail on changing the MOU is set out in Paragraph 5.4.
- 1.3. This MOU is not intended to create legal or binding obligations. It describes the understanding between both parties for the use of funding specified in Section 3 of this agreement.

#### 2. Background

- 2.1. LAHF R2 was launched on 07 June 2023. The details of the fund were shared on that date with the Council in the document 'Local Authority Housing Fund second funding round Prospectus and Guidance' ('the Prospectus').
- 2.2. LAHF R2 is a £250m capital grant fund to:
  - provide sustainable housing for those on Afghan resettlement schemes (ARAP/ACRS) who currently reside or formerly resided in bridging accommodation
  - ease wider homelessness pressures.
- 2.3. The objectives of LAHF R2 are to:
  - Provide sustainable housing to those on Afghan resettlement schemes at risk of homelessness so that they can build new lives in the UK, find employment and integrate into communities.

- Reduce local housing pressures beyond those on Afghan resettlement schemes by providing better quality temporary accommodation to families owed homelessness duties by LAs.
- Reduce emergency, temporary and bridging accommodation costs.
- Reduce impacts on the existing housing and homelessness systems and those waiting for social housing.
- 2.4. DLUHC has accepted the Council's plan to provide 3 homes ('the delivery target') under LAHF R2, and DLUHC will provide a grant of £360,000 ('the total allocation'). The Council agrees the following targets to deliver at least:
  - 2 properties for households that meet the resettlement scheme element eligibility criteria outlined in section 3.2 of the Prospectus;
  - 1 properties to be allocated to households that meet the TA element eligibility criteria outlined in section 3.2 of the Prospectus.
- 2.5. This MOU covers the funding commitments from DLUHC and the delivery, financial expenditure, agreed milestones, reporting and evaluation, and communications between the Parties. It also sets out the steps DLUHC could take in the event of underperformance if required.

#### 3. Purpose of the Funding

- 3.1. LAHF R2 funding has been provided specifically for spending on LAHF R2 priorities and the Council agrees to spend LAHF R2 funding on activity set out in this MOU as agreed by DLUHC or subsequently agreed by DLUHC as per Paragraph 4.4.
- 3.2. DLUHC will part fund the cost of the Council obtaining properties for use by households that meet the eligibility criteria. The Council will use its best endeavours to meet the delivery target and to achieve value for money. DLUHC's contributory share of funding ('the average grant rate per unit') should not exceed the maximum described below but the grant per unit for individual properties can be higher.
- 3.3. The maximum average grant rate per unit (for the portfolio of all properties, not individual purchases) is calculated as 40% of the costs of acquisition or refurbishment that the council charges to its capital budget plus £20,000 per property. Eligible costs funded by the 40% and the £20,000 per property could include the purchase price, stamp duty, surveying, legal and other fees, refurbishments, energy efficiency measures, decoration, furnishings, or otherwise preparing the property for rent and potentially irrecoverable VAT incurred on these items. The Council should ensure it complies with the Code of Practice for Local Authority Accounting.

- 3.4. The Council can determine how it uses the £20,000 per property and can choose how much of the grant is to be spent on each individual property.
- 3.5. The Council or its delivery partner(s) will fund the outstanding share for each property.
- 3.6. The funding will be provided by DLUHC in two tranches. The 'Tranche 1 allocation' is 30% of the total allocation. The 'Tranche 2 allocation' is 70% of the total allocation. Both are set out in Table 1.

Table 1 – Funding allocation

Ţ.	Tranche 1 allocation	Tranche 2 allocation	Total allocation
Total funding	£108,000	£252,000	£360,000

#### 4. Delivery Profile

- 4.1. Delivery of the fund will be measured on the basis of exchange of contracts, or equivalent milestone where exchange of contract will not occur, and the number of resettlement scheme households housed. Any variations to this, and necessary changes to the MOU, will need to be agreed by the parties and an amendment to this MOU made.
- 4.2. Funding outlined in Table 1 above is provided to deliver the delivery target. The Council agrees to make best endeavours to meet the delivery target by 29 March 2024.
- 4.3. This MOU is for the full term of the total allocation unless signatories agree to change as per Paragraph 4.4. A further Grant Determination Letter (GDL) will be provided following confirmation of each tranche payment.
- 4.4. DLUHC and the Council both have the right to request a change to the MOU. With regards to changing the target number of units, the Council may ask for either a higher or lower target. Any proposed change will impact the amount of funding received (as set out in the Prospectus) unless the Council is seeking to deliver more units for the same amount of money. Requests will be considered based on the progress of the reallocations process as outlined in Section 5.1 of the Prospectus and confirmed in writing.

#### 5. Financial Arrangements

- 5.1. The agreed funds will be issued to the Council as grant payments under section 31 of the Local Government Act 2003. The Council may pass on the funding to a third party (e.g. Registered Providers) as appropriate to deliver the delivery target, complying with the Subsidy Control Act 2022.
- 5.2. Table 2 sets out the timetable for payments to be made to the Council. Payment for Tranche 1 allocation will be made in July 2023 or August 2023. The Tranche 2 allocation will be paid once the Council has demonstrated that at least 60% of the Tranche 1 allocation has been committed ('the spend requirement') via a Section 151 officer Statement of Grant Usage. This will be paid in line with timings outlined in Table 2.
- 5.3. Should the Council not meet the spend requirement for Tranche 2 payments by the dates set out in Table 2 below, DLUHC will consider putting in place further payment dates.
- 5.4. The Council may wish to return unspent monies to the Department.

Table 2 – Payments timetable

Payment milestone	Requirements for payment milestone	Payment by
Tranche 1 payment (30% of total allocation)	EITHER Signing of this MOU by 14 July 2023	Last working day of July 2023
	OR Signing of this MOU by 14 August 2023	Last working day of August 2023
Tranche 2 payment (70% of total allocation)	EITHER  Submission of Statement of Grant Usage (demonstrating 60% of the first tranche has been committed) by 9 October 2023  Relevant monitoring information as outlined in section 8 submitted by 9 October 2023	Last working day of October 2023
	OR Submission of Statement of Grant Usage (demonstrating 60% of the first tranche has been committed) by 24 November 2023  Relevant monitoring information as outlined in section 8 submitted by 24 November 2023	Mid-December 2023

#### 6. Charging Affordable Rents for LAHF funded homes

- 6.1. The LAHF Prospectus specified "It is up to local authorities to determine the precise rent level and tenure of homes in line with the fund objectives. This could include...Affordable Rent."
- 6.2. The Rent Standard <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/rent-standard-april-2023-accessible-version">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/rent-standard-april-2023-accessible-version</a> provides that Affordable Rents may be charged only in limited circumstances.
- 6.3. This MOU records the agreement between the Secretary of State and the Council that relevant accommodation, provided by the Council or a partner Registered Provider pursuant to LAHF grant funding, is permitted to be let at an Affordable Rent, and that accordingly that an Affordable Rent may be charged for such accommodation in accordance with paragraph 3.8b of the Rent Standard April 2023.
- 6.4. In Paragraph 6.3, "relevant accommodation" means accommodation:
  - in the Council area;
  - which is being used to further the LAHF objectives set out at paragraph 2.3 of the MOU;
  - which has never been let at a social rent; and
  - where the accommodation is provided by a partner Registered Provider, for which the Council has agreed that the partner Registered Provider may charge affordable rent.

#### 7. Roles and Responsibilities

#### **DLUHC** Responsibilities

7.1. DLUHC is responsible for setting national housing policy, providing grant(s) to the Council and monitoring the delivery of homes.

#### Council Responsibilities (fund delivery)

7.2. The Council will make housing investment decisions, review existing housing policies and products, maximise leverage of this public sector investment and ensure that funds provide value for money and are deliverable within the timescale of the fund. The Council may work in partnership with private Registered Providers, local authority housing companies or other bodies to deliver homes. The Council will also report on the fund by providing Management Information (MI) as set out in **Annex A** of this MOU and will work with DLUHC to ensure they have the capability to deliver the fund and provide MI within the set timescales.

- 7.3. The Council is expected to have the necessary governance and assurance arrangements in place and that all legal and other statutory obligations and consents will be adhered to, which may include, but not solely:
  - subsidy control, at all levels e.g. the funding the Council allocates to project deliverers and subsidies that project deliverers provide to third parties.
  - equalities duties, the Council must ensure that all LAHF funded activity is delivered in accordance with its obligations under the public sector equality duty (PSED)
  - procurement, the Council must ensure that the allocation of funding to project deliverers that constitutes a procurement is managed in compliance with the public contract regulations
  - **fraud**, the Council must ensure that robust arrangements are in place to manage fraud risk, including ensuring that project deliverers have robust fraud risk management process and paying particular attention to projects that involve the payment of grants to beneficiaries e.g. businesses.
- 7.4. The Council's Section 151 Officer is expected to ensure that these legal duties and all other relevant duties are considered and that delivery of LAHF investment is carried out with propriety, regularity and value for money.

#### Council Responsibilities (Affordable Rents – where required by LAs)

- 7.5. The Council should note (and remind partner Registered Providers) that conversion of social rent properties to affordable rent is not permitted pursuant to paragraph 3.15 of the Rent Standard other than in the circumstances set out in chapter 2 of the Rent Policy Statement.
- 7.6. Where the Council has agreed that a partner Registered Provider may charge affordable rent, the Council will confirm to the Registered Provider that the Registered Provider may charge affordable rent in accordance with Paragraph 6.3 of this MOU.
- 7.7. The Council will require partner Registered Providers to provide details to the Council of any accommodation provided pursuant to LAHF grant funding for which Affordable Rent is charged.
- 7.8. The Council will maintain a register of any accommodation provided pursuant to LAHF grant funding for which it or a partner Registered Provider is charging Affordable Rent. This register should be available for inspection upon request by either DLUHC or the Regulator for Social

Housing. The fields of information required in register are specified in **Annex C**.

#### 8. Monitoring Arrangements and Accountability

8.1. The Council will put in place appropriate governance and oversight arrangements to ensure that delivery of housing is on track and that plans remain ambitious and provide value for money.

#### Reporting Arrangements

- 8.2. The Council has agreed to provide reporting information to DLUHC on fund allocations and delivery. The Council will be asked to provide a mix of quantitative and qualitative summary updates to DLUHC; a full list of MI can be found in **Annex A**.
- 8.3. The first report will be due in October 2023 and then every two months thereafter, until the Council's programme has completed. The schedule for monitoring reports is outlined in **Annex B**.
- 8.4. Spend outturn and forecast should be signed off by the Section 151 officer or deputy Section 151 officer.
- 8.5. A Statement of Grant Usage Section 151 officer or deputy Section 151 officer should be submitted when at least 60% of the Tranche 1 allocation has been committed
- 8.6. The Council also agrees to work with the department to provide any reasonable additional MI as and when requested by the DLUHC Senior Reporting Officer (SRO). DLUHC will provide an appropriate amount of time to return any additional MI requests.
- 8.7. The Council agrees to work collaboratively with any requests from DLUHC to support any retrospective assessment or evaluation as to the impact or value for money of LAHF. As a minimum, the Council is expected to monitor spend, outputs and outcomes against agreed indicators and keep this information for at least 5 years.

#### 9. Governance & Assurance

9.1. The Council is expected to ensure that all legal and other statutory obligations and consents will be adhered to, which may include, but not solely, state aid / subsidy control, equalities duties, procurement, health and safety, and fraud prevention. The Council has prerogative to establish internal governance and assurance arrangements as they see fit to achieve this.

9.2. The Council will ensure data can be shared for the prevention and detection of fraud by including the following clause in all agreements with companies or external entities in relation to LAHF – including, but not limited to, property contracts, professional services contracts, construction contracts and lease agreements:

"Data may be shared with other enforcement agencies for the prevention and detection of crime."

Signature:		
Name: Position:	Date:	
Signed for and on behalf of Melton Borough Council		
Signature:		
Name: Position:	Date:	

Signed for and on behalf of DLUHC

#### **Annex A – Reporting and Monitoring Arrangements**

#### **Scope and Purpose**

 This annex sets out the agreed reporting and monitoring arrangements for LAHF, including the expected frequency and content of the regular reports that the Council will provide to DLUHC.

#### **DLUHC Role**

2. DLUHC will support the running of the fund and maintain a national picture of delivery by putting in place a proportionate monitoring and governance framework. This will include a fund governance board(s) attended by the DLUHC Senior Reporting Officer (SRO) and other relevant stakeholders. Wherever possible DLUHC will avoid duplication of requests towards the Council.

#### **Council Role**

3. Day-to-day project monitoring and delivery responsibilities will be delegated to the Council. The Council will submit reports to DLUHC in accordance with the agreed timescales and frequency set out in the MoU. The Council will also work with DLUHC to provide any reasonable additional MI required as and when requested by the DLUHC Senior Reporting Officer. DLUHC will provide an appropriate amount of time to return any additional MI requests.

#### Management Information (MI)

4. The list of MI is split between operational data – required for monitoring the ongoing fund delivery (Table 3) and evaluation data (Table 4) required to assess the strategy-level success of the fund and inform future policy development. Tables 4 and 5 present the required routine MI and is subject to change, with agreement by DLUHC and the Council. For MI purposes, "committed spend" is considered funding which has been allocated to a property where there has been an exchange of contracts or equivalent milestone where exchange of contract will not occur.

Table 3 – Monitoring Data

Item	Frequency
Number of properties where contracts exchanged, including:	
bedroom size	
whether located in another borough area	Every 2 months
who will own the dwellings	
how properties obtained	
Number of properties occupied/ ready to let, including bedroom size	Every 2 months
Number of resettlement scheme households housed	Every 2 months
Number of pending resettlement scheme properties pre-matched to current/former bridging hotel households	Every 2 months
Total expenditure (incl grant and other funding)	Every 2 months
Total committed spend (incl grant and other funding)	Every 2 months
DLUHC grant used	Every 2 months
Overall assessment (RAG rated) of whether delivery is on track as determined by the responsible Council officer	Every 2 months

Table 4 - Evaluation Data

Item	Frequency
How properties have been sourced (e.g. through stock acquisition or another delivery route)	
How the Council has funded its contributory share	
Breakdown of resettlement scheme households housed by previous housing situation, e.g. in bridging hotel, in LA emergency accommodation/temporary accommodation	In April 2024 and thereafter upon request to aid with
Tenancy duration	evaluation of the fund
Rent levels	
Number of properties obtained outside the local authority's area, if applicable, and where these are located.	

- 5. In addition, to enable the assessment of relative value for money and to assist with future spending reviews, we may occasionally ask for additional information including details of how the fund is delivered and housing market conditions. This will provide important data to support future policy developments and will also support engagement with HM Treasury. This information will be provided to agreed timeframes when requested by DLUHC.
- 6. Should the Council wish to amend and/or not collect any of these proposed data points, they should submit a proposal to DLUHC for agreement.

#### **Frequency of Reporting**

7. The Council will be asked to provide reports every two months. The schedule for monitoring reports is outlined in Annex B.

#### **Data Consistency**

8. DLUHC and the Council have a shared commitment to ensure that, for clarity and transparency purposes, consistent methods of recording outputs are maintained. It is expected that the provided reporting will be robust, accurate and quality assured to a high standard. As such minimal revisions would be expected – although, where these are required, DLUHC should be advised as soon as practical.

#### **Use of Material Provided**

9. DLUHC will use the provided material to monitor delivery nationally.

#### **Annex B – Monitoring Milestones**

- The Council is requested to submit the monitoring information summarised in Annex A via a Microsoft Form every two months by 5pm on the dates outlined below. DLUHC will provide the link to the form directly to the Council well in advance of each touchpoint date.
- 2. In order to demonstrate that the spend requirement has been met to enable a Year 2 payment, the Council will also need to submit a Section 151 Officer Statement of Grant Usage to <a href="LAHF@levellingup.gov.uk">LAHF@levellingup.gov.uk</a> in addition to submitting the form by 5pm on the dates outlined below.
- 3. The Section 151 Officer Statement of Grant Usage only needs to be submitted when the Council wishes to demonstrate the spend requirement has been met, and also at the end of the programme. It does not need to be submitted at every monitoring touchpoint.
- 4. The Microsoft Form needs to be submitted at every monitoring touchpoint. DLUHC will provide full guidance for submitting the form directly well in advance of each touchpoint date.

Table 5 – Monitoring Touchpoint Dates

Monitoring touchpoint	Microsoft Form to be submitted by 5pm on the following dates	Section 151 Officer Statement of Grant Usage required?	
Touchpoint 1	9 October 2023	Yes, if LA wishes to enable Tranche 2 payment in October 2023	
Touchpoint 2*	24 November 2023	Yes, if LA wishes to enable Trance 2 payment in December 2023	
Touchpoint 3	8 February 2023	N/A	
Touchpoint 4	8 April 2023	N/A	
Evaluation	April 2024 onwards	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup>this touchpoint has been brought forward slightly earlier than the 2-month mark to account for the holiday period in December

## Annex C – Register of LAHF accommodation for which an Affordable Rent is charged

This annex sets out the agreed information which will be contained in the Council's Register of LAHF accommodation for which an Affordable Rent is charged.

This register should be available for inspection upon request by either DLUHC or the Regulator for Social Housing.

Property address		
Completion date		
Name of Registered		
Provider		
Registration Code		

(Note: The Council is not required to submit this information as part of regular delivery monitoring submissions.)

